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- (A) Is acting within the scope of practice as defined by State law; and
- (B) Is under the supervision of the physician.

NOTE TO PARAGRAPH (e): An individual with experience in long term care is preferred.

(2) The primary physician may not delegate a task when the regulations specify that the primary physician must perform it personally, or when the delegation is prohibited under State law or by the facility's own policies.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 101, 501, 1710, 1741-1743)

(The Office of Management and Budget has approved the information collection requirements in this section under control number 2900–0160)

 $[65~{\rm FR}~968,~{\rm Jan.}~6,~2000,~{\rm as~amended~at~74~FR}~19434,~{\rm Apr.}~29,~2009]$

§ 51.160 Specialized rehabilitative services.

- (a) Provision of services. If specialized rehabilitative services such as but not limited to physical therapy, speech therapy, occupational therapy, and mental health services for mental illness are required in the resident's comprehensive plan of care, facility management must—
 - (1) Provide the required services; or
- (2) Obtain the required services from an outside resource, in accordance with §51.210(h) of this part, from a provider of specialized rehabilitative services.
- (b) Specialized rehabilitative services must be provided under the written order of a physician by qualified personnel.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 101, 501, 1710, 1741-1743)

(The Office of Management and Budget has approved the information collection requirements in this section under control number 2900–0160)

 $[65\ FR\ 968,\ Jan.\ 6,\ 2000,\ as\ amended\ at\ 74\ FR\ 19434,\ Apr.\ 29,\ 2009]$

§51.170 Dental services.

- (a) A facility must provide or obtain from an outside resource, in accordance with §51.210(h) of this part, routine and emergency dental services to meet the needs of each resident;
- (b) A facility may charge a resident an additional amount for routine and emergency dental services; and

- (c) A facility must, if necessary, assist the resident—
 - (1) In making appointments;
- (2) By arranging for transportation to and from the dental services; and
- (3) Promptly refer residents with lost or damaged dentures to a dentist.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 101, 501, 1710, 1741-1743)

§ 51.180 Pharmacy services.

The facility management must provide routine and emergency drugs and biologicals to its residents, or obtain them under an agreement described in §51.210(h) of this part. The facility management must have a system for disseminating drug information to medical and nursing staff.

- (a) Procedures. The facility management must provide pharmaceutical services (including procedures that assure the accurate acquiring, receiving, dispensing, and administering of all drugs and biologicals) to meet the needs of each resident.
- (b) Service consultation. The facility management must employ or obtain the services of a pharmacist licensed in a State in which the facility is located or a VA pharmacist under VA contract who—
- (1) Provides consultation on all aspects of the provision of pharmacy services in the facility:
- (2) Establishes a system of records of receipt and disposition of all controlled drugs in sufficient detail to enable an accurate reconciliation; and
- (3) Determines that drug records are in order and that an account of all controlled drugs is maintained and periodically reconciled.
- (c) Drug regimen review. (1) The drug regimen of each resident must be reviewed at least once a month by a licensed pharmacist.
- (2) The pharmacist must report any irregularities to the primary physician and the director of nursing, and these reports must be acted upon.
- (d) Labeling of drugs and biologicals. Drugs and biologicals used in the facility management must be labeled in accordance with currently accepted professional principles, and include the appropriate accessory and cautionary instructions, and the expiration date when applicable.

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- (e) Storage of drugs and biologicals. (1) In accordance with State and Federal laws, the facility management must store all drugs and biologicals in locked compartments under proper temperature controls, and permit only authorized personnel to have access to the keys.
- (2) The facility management must provide separately locked, permanently affixed compartments for storage of controlled drugs listed in Schedule II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1976 and other drugs subject to abuse.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 101, 501, 1710, 1741-1743)

(The Office of Management and Budget has approved the information collection requirements in this section under control number 2900-0160)

[65 FR 968, Jan. 6, 2000, as amended at 74 FR 19434, Apr. 29, 2009]

§51.190 Infection control.

The facility management must establish and maintain an infection control program designed to provide a safe, sanitary, and comfortable environment and to help prevent the development and transmission of disease and infection.

- (a) Infection control program. The facility management must establish an infection control program under which
- (1) Investigates, controls, and prevents infections in the facility;
- (2) Decides what procedures, such as isolation, should be applied to an individual resident; and
- (3) Maintains a record of incidents and corrective actions related to infections.
- (b) Preventing spread of infection. (1) When the infection control program determines that a resident needs isolation to prevent the spread of infection, the facility management must isolate the resident.
- (2) The facility management must prohibit employees with a communicable disease or infected skin lesions from engaging in any contact with residents or their environment that would transmit the disease.
- (3) The facility management must require staff to wash their hands after each direct resident contact for which

hand washing is indicated by accepted professional practice.

(c) Linens. Personnel must handle, store, process, and transport linens so as to prevent the spread of infection.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 101, 501, 1710, 1741-1743)

(The Office of Management and Budget has approved the information collection requirements in this section under control number 2900-0160)

[65 FR 968, Jan. 6, 2000, as amended at 74 FR 19434, Apr. 29, 2009]

§51.200 Physical environment.

The facility management must be designed, constructed, equipped, and maintained to protect the health and safety of residents, personnel and the public.

(a) Life safety from fire. The facility must meet the applicable provisions of the National Fire Protection Association's NFPA 101, Life Safety Code (2009 edition), except that the requirement in paragraph 19.3.5.1 for all buildings containing nursing homes to have an automatic sprinkler system is not applicable until August 13, 2013, unless an automatic sprinkler system was previously required by the Life Safety Code and the NFPA 99. Standard for Health Care Facilities (2005 edition). Incorporation by reference of these materials was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. These materials incorporated by reference are available for inspection at the Department of Veterans Affairs. Office of Regulation Policy and Management (02REG), 810 Vermont Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20420, call 202-461-4902, or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/ federal_register/ code_of_federal_regulations/

ibr locations.html. Copies may be obtained from the National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, P.O. Box 9101, Quincy, MA 02269-9101. (For ordering information, call tollfree 1-800-344-3555.)

(b) Emergency power. (1) An emergency electrical power system must be provided to supply power adequate for